CASE STUDY

ARCHITECTURAL FREEDOM,
LESS MATERIAL,
GREATER SPEED

CITY GREEN
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN
Large, Open Residences Are Cost-effective to Build — and Salable

Standing in his penthouse, Gerry Burke shows a visitor the key strengths and selling points of the condos at City Green. “We have 10-foot ceilings, no soffits and floor-to-ceiling glass windows,” says Burke, Director of Development at Milwaukee’s New Land Enterprises. “There are no drops for the mechanicals. Everything runs through C-joists.”

Burke is ecstatic. He feels his condos and rentals stand out from the competition’s. The structures’ cold-formed steel framing system, he says, helped create large, open residences that feel spacious and are salable.

Burke also feels that City Green was cost-effective to develop. Why? Because the cold-formed steel system is lightweight, which meant that less material and less labor was required for construction. Also, the pre-fabricated cold-formed steel design made for speedy work. Finally, Burke believes City Green went up faster than it would have had another structural support system been used.

Architectural Freedom

City Green sits on a hill in East Town, Milwaukee. The 1.2-acre lot is shaped like a “T.”

The city put the property out for bid in the early 2000s, requiring that the winning developer preserve the site’s existing 126 city parking spaces. New Land Enterprises came in with an ingenious design that preserved the city park spaces, while adding three towers (one is 10 stories above ground), 6,000 sqft. of commercial space and resident parking.

“T” shows that you can have architectural freedom with CF steel,” says Patrick W. Ford, P.E., Principal, Matsen Ford Design Associates, Waukesha, Wis., whose firm designed the entire structure, including the cold-formed steel walls, floor joists, and pre-fabricated cantilevered steel balconies.

The steel was engineered to accommodate the geometries from top to bottom. The walls are irregular. It shows that less load on the foundation than would have other kinds of structures. In general, less load equated to lower put-in-place foundation costs. Burke believes New Land saved money on the project, since the cold-formed steel system allowed for a reduction in the amount of concrete needed for each footing.

Being pre-fabricated, the cold-formed steel installation helped shorten construction times and reduce onsite labor, but without any comprise to strength. The joists, for example, feature punched holes that accommodate HVAC, mechanical, plumbing and sprinkler runs. The perimeter of the holes are also rolled into stiffeners, leveraging the strength of the cold-formed steel system.

The steel was engineered to accommodate the geometries from top to bottom. The design by Architect Scott Kindness, Kindness Architects + Planning, Milwaukee (a principal of Workshop Architects at the time), brought intriguing geometries to the neighborhood. City Green units are full of angles and have spectacular views of Lake Michigan and downtown Milwaukee.

Developer Gerry Burke says that 10-foot ceilings help sell City Green units.

Decks made with structural concrete panels were topped with poured gypsum underlayment to reduce sound transmission between units.

Construction used pre-fabricated cold-formed steel joists, rim track and structural blocking.

Developer Gerry Burke shows the 10-foot walls that help sell City Green units.
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**STRUCTURE**

**FOUNDATION**
Net soil bearing
6,000 psf

Walls, lower slab and footings
Cast-in-place concrete

First floor and below:
Precast concrete with PCC interior post-and-beam

Second floor (transfer floor)
12” solid plank (some shallower areas, 3” topping at wet-cast areas)

**WALL FRAMING**
Cold-formed steel — 600S200-43 to 600S162-97 — 16” o.c.

Bridging
Channel with clip angle in the typical 6” stud walls.

Stud panels compressed for tight seating into top and bottom track

**FLOOR JOISTS**
Cold-formed steel — 1200S200-68 — 24” o.c., fastened to pre-punched tabs on rim track

Track fastened to wall studs with screws (field connections) or welds (pre-fabricated connections)

Double 1000S162-97 used at walkout decks above setback areas

Structural concrete panel flooring deck over bearing walls and joists

Bridging at 6’ to 8’ o.c. with solid blocking and RC furring substituted for continuous strap

**ROOF JOISTS**
Cold-formed steel — 1200S200-68 — 24” o.c., doubled up at some longer span locations

Structural concrete panels with EPDM roofing

Bridging at 6’ to 8’ o.c. with solid blocking and RC furring substituted for continuous strap

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Architects might not realize that cold-formed steel studs are this strong...The exterior walls support nine stories and steel balconies.

1.0 K at exterior non-bearing walls.

“Architects might not realize that cold-formed steel studs are this strong,” says Patrick W. Ford, P.E., Principal, Matsen Ford Design. “The exterior walls support nine stories and steel balconies.”

The exterior walls feature cold-formed steel studs with some hollow-tube steel used at strategic locations to help support the balconies. And the roof joists (1200S200-68) accommodate long-span areas. They’re strong enough to carry 100 psf terrace loads, including hot tubs in some cases.

New Land Enterprises helped pioneer the combination of structural concrete floor sheathing panels topped with a poured-in-place underlayment. The underlayment had mats both above and below it, which helped the project achieve excellent sound attenuation scores of STC 55.5 to 59.77 and IIC 58.5 to 62.4.

“Everyone is pleased with the development. “We gave the city their tax base, and they just loved our design,” says Burke. “It has interesting angles.”